



ACCIDENT & INCIDENT RECORDING AND REPORTING POLICY

Policy Statement

At York Childcare we follow the guidelines of the Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR), the Health & Safety Executive (HSE) and the Statutory Framework for the Early Years Foundation Stage 2025 (EYFS) for the reporting of accidents and incidents.

Child protection matters or behavioural incidents between children are not regarded as incidents for this purpose and there are separate procedures for these below.

ACCIDENT AND INCIDENT PROCEDURES

What is the difference between an accident and an incident?

An **accident** is an unfortunate event or occurrence that happens unexpectedly and unintentionally, typically resulting in an injury, for example tripping over and hurting your knee.

An **incident** is an event or occurrence that is related to another person, typically resulting in an injury, for example being pushed over and hurting your knee.

Dealing with Accidents or Incidents to Children

We keep written records of all accidents, incidents, or injuries to a child together with any first aid treatment given. Any event, however minor, is recorded by completion of an "Accident/ Incident Report" in the child's profile on Ovivio and the procedure is the same for both types of events as follows:

- An Accident/ Incident Report is completed by the member of staff who witnessed the event.

The following information is recorded on the Accident/ Incident Report:

- Whether it is an accident or incident being reported
- Full name of child
- Child's date of birth
- Date of accident or incident
- Time of accident or incident
- Name and signature of person who dealt with the accident or incident
- Description of accident or incident
- Description of care given
- Name of person who gave care (this must be a Paediatric First Aid qualified member of staff)



- Description of injury (if applicable)
- Position of the injury illustrated on the body map
- Witness signature (only if witnessed)
- Counter signature (must be a qualified practitioner)
- Signature of parent or carer

It is then that member of staff's responsibility to ensure that the parent or carer is informed about the accident or incident and the report is signed by that parent or carer **on the day that the accident occurred.** (The name of any other child involved in an accident or incident must remain confidential). In the event of that staff member having left for the day the most senior member of staff will be responsible.

In the event of an Accident/ Incident Report not being signed by a parent or carer on the same day, the member of staff in charge of the session (usually the Room Leader or a named Level 3 practitioner in their absence) must be notified by the practitioner who dealt with the report. The staff member in charge of the room then has the overall responsibility to immediately inform the parent or carer by telephone of the accident or incident, making a note of the time and date of the call on the Accident/ Incident Report. The staff member in charge of the room must then ensure that the Accident/ Incident Report is signed by the parent or carer at the next possible opportunity. It is the responsibility of the member of staff in charge of the room (usually the Room Leader or a named Level 3 practitioner in their absence) to check that all Accident/ Incident Reports have been accurately completed, signed appropriately on the day.

Once completed and checked, Accident/Incident Reports are filed on the child's Personal Record on Ovivio. Reports can be quickly sourced to aid us to:

- What types of accidents or incidents occur
- Identify any potential or actual hazards
- Identify any patterns in children having a higher rate of accidents or incidents

The Manager regularly reviews the Accidents/ Incidents to ensure that any issues are addressed.

Dealing with Accidents to Children that are not Witnessed

The above procedure applies but with the following change:

If the accident, incident, or injury has not been witnessed by a member of staff or other adult, then the member of staff dealing with the accident must gain an account of what happened from the child, and any other children, if they are able to verbalise this or communicate in any other way. The member of staff must record the child's account of events on the Accident/ Incident Report and clearly state that the accident was not witnessed.



Dealing with Home Accidents or Incidents to Children

A “Home Accident or Incident” is an accident or incident that happened outside the setting that has caused an injury or the seeking of medical advice. Parents must ensure that all prior accidents and injuries are reported to the setting.

A Home Accident/ Incident Report is completed by the parent or carer each time they notify a member of staff about an accident or incident which has not happened in setting. The report is signed by the parent or carer and countersigned by a qualified practitioner and stored in the child’s profile on Ovivio.

The following information is recorded by the parent/carer on the Home Accident/ Incident Report:

- Whether it is an accident or incident being reported
- Full name of child
- Child’s date of birth
- Date of accident or incident
- Time of accident or incident
- Description of accident or incident
- Description of care given
- Description of injury (if applicable)
- Position of the injury illustrated on the body map
- Signature of parent or carer
- Counter signature (must be a qualified practitioner)

It is the responsibility of the member of staff in charge of the session (usually the Room Leader or a named Level 3 practitioner in their absence) to check that all Home Incident/ Accident Reports have been accurately completed, signed, and saved appropriately.

Dealing with injuries to children that have not been notified to the setting by the parent or carer and that have not happened in the setting

The above procedure applies but with the following change:

If we have not been informed of a home accident or incident by a parent or carer and an injury is noticed during a session, the parent or carer will be notified by a member of staff when they collect their child from the setting. The parent or carer will be asked to complete and sign a Home Accident/ Incident Report by the member of staff who handed the child over.

Dealing with Accidents to Staff, Volunteers or Other Adults

We keep written records of all accidents or injuries to staff, volunteers, or other adults together with any first aid treatment given.



The accident is recorded in the “Accident Book” by the adult who has had the accident or if this is not possible, by the First Aider on site. The Setting Manager must also be informed.

The Accident Book is kept in a safe and secure place. It is regularly reviewed to identify any potential or actual hazards or any other issues that need to be addressed.

Reporting of Accidents or Illness

- We report the following:
- Ofsted is notified as soon as possible, but at least within 14 days of any instances which involve:
 - food poisoning affecting two or more children looked after on our premises
 - a serious accident or injury to, or serious illness of, a child in our care and the action we take in response; and
 - the death of a child in our care
- Local child protection agencies are informed of any serious accident, illness, or injury to, or the death of any child while in our care and we act on any advice given by those agencies.
- The local Environmental Health Department is informed of any food poisoning affecting two or more children or adults on our premises.
- We meet our legal requirements in respect of the safety of our employee and the public by complying with RIDDOR. We report to the Health and Safety Executive (HSE):
- Any work-related accident leading to an injury to a member of the public (child or adult), for which they are taken directly to hospital for treatment.
- Any work-related accident leading to a specified injury to one of our employees. Specified injuries include injuries such as fractured bones, the loss of consciousness due to a head injury, serious burns, or amputations.
- Any work-related accident leading to an injury to one of our employees which results in them being unable to work for seven consecutive days. All work-related injuries that lead to one of our employees being incapacitated for three or more days are recorded in our “Accident Book”.
- When one of our employees suffers from a reportable occupational disease or illness as specified by the HSE.
- Any death, of a child or adult, that occurs in connection with a work-related accident.



INCIDENTS to ADULTS and DANGEROUS OCCURRENCES PROCEDURES

Dealing with Incidents to Adults and Dangerous Occurrences

We meet our legal requirements for the health and safety of all adults and children by following the RIDDOR guidelines and reporting any incidents and dangerous occurrences to the HSE (and any other appropriate professional bodies).

An incident may be an event that causes injury or fatalities or an event that does not cause injury but could have done so, such as a gas leak. Any dangerous occurrence is recorded in our "Incident Book" (please see below).

- We have ready access to telephone numbers for emergency services should an incident occur. For areas of the premises we are responsible for, we have contact numbers for suitable services such as gas and electric emergency services.
- As we rent our premises, we also ensure that we have access to the person responsible and share information about any dangerous occurrences. We inform our landlord as soon as practical if any major incidents or emergencies occur at setting.
- On discovery of an incident, we report it to the appropriate emergency services – fire, police, and ambulance – if those services are needed.
- If an incident occurs before any children arrive, we risk assess this situation and decide if the premises are safe to receive children. We may decide to offer a limited service or to close the setting.
- Where an incident occurs whilst the children are in our care, and it is necessary to evacuate the premises we follow the procedures in our Emergency Evacuation Procedure.
- If a crime may have been committed, we ask all adults who witness the incident to make a witness statement including the date and time of the incident, what they saw or heard, what they did about it and their full name and signature.

Break in, burglary, theft of personal or setting property

In the event of finding there has been a break in, burglary or theft at setting, the Setting Manager should be informed immediately either in person (or by phone if she is not working). In the event the Setting Manager cannot be contacted, the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) should be informed.

Anything that may be deemed to be evidence or unsafe should not be touched. The Setting Manager, most senior member of staff or the CEO will inform the police. They will make decisions on the advice of the police about the opening or closure of the setting and will follow any procedures set out by the police.



Intruder gaining unauthorised access to the premises or grounds

If someone is acting suspiciously on setting grounds or premises, this must be immediately reported to the Setting Manager, or in her absence the Deputy Manager and the CEO.

All children should be brought inside the setting building straightaway and with all doors shut. If the person appears to be a threat to the staff or children, all doors should be locked, windows shut, and where there are the blinds, these should be closed. Children must be kept calm and where possible, must not be made aware of the situation. Staff must act calmly and discreetly.

The safety of the children, staff and other adults is paramount. Observations must be reported to the Setting Manager or the most senior member of staff in their absence before an intruder is confronted. If the setting and those in our care are under threat, the Setting Manager, or the most senior member of staff in their absence will contact the police and take advice from them before any children or staff are released from the building.

After the incident, the Manager or the most senior member in their absence will take advice from the police and CEO before releasing any information to the parents.

Fire, gas leak or electrical failure

In the event of discovering a fire, the fire evacuation procedure should be followed. If a gas leak is suspected, this must be immediately reported to the Setting Manager, or in her absence the most senior member of staff and call 999. Contact will be made with Head Office or another setting in this situation, so help is immediate. All children, staff and other adults should immediately leave the building and remain in the outdoor area until the building is declared safe by the gas distributor. All doors and windows should be opened. Electrical switches should not be turned on or off – including light switches and doorbells.

Make sure that the gas supply to an appliance has not been left on or that the pilot light on the boiler has not gone out. Turn off the gas supply at the meter if you know how to. If an electrical failure occurs, this must be immediately reported to the Setting Manager, or in her absence the most senior member of staff and CEO. They will contact the electricity distributor to inform them of the failure and find out when the supply can be restored. The Manager or the most senior member of staff in their absence will decide whether the setting can remain open without an electricity supply.

Attack on an adult or child on our premises or nearby

This must be immediately reported to Setting Manager, or in her absence the most senior member of staff. They will call the police, ensure any first aid is provided and



contact the emergency medical services. The CEO should be informed as soon as possible.

The safety of the children, staff and other adults must be secured. Children should be appropriately looked after, moved to a safe part of the building, and kept calm. If necessary, parents should be called in to take their children home early. Please refer to our Lock Down Procedure.

Adults should remember that it is best not to antagonise the situation or retaliate in any way. It is important to try and diffuse the situation and retreat to safety.

Any racist incident involving staff or family on the premises

A racist incident is any incident which is perceived to be racist by the victim or any other person. If such an incident occurs, this must be immediately reported to Setting Manager, or in her absence the most senior member of staff and the CEO. They will call the police and follow their advice as appropriate.

Death of a child or adult on the premises

In the event of a death at setting, the Setting Manager, or in her absence the most senior member of staff will ensure that the following steps are taken:

- The police are immediately informed
- The parent is informed
- The other children at the pre-school are appropriately looked after and kept calm
- Parents will be called to collect children as soon as possible
- Additional staff will be called in to help look after the children if necessary
- The CEO will be contacted as soon as possible
- A member of the Business Management Team (BMT) will join the staff as soon as they are able

A terrorist attack or the threat of one

If information is received about the threat of a terrorist attack in the vicinity of the setting, this must be immediately reported to the Setting Manager, or in her absence the most senior member of staff. They will then call the police and advise the procedures to follow based on advice given to them from the police.

The safety of the children, staff and other adults is paramount. If the setting and those in our care are under threat, the Setting Manager or most senior member of staff in their absence will contact the police and take advice from them before any children or staff are released from the building. Children must be kept calm and where possible, must not be made aware of the situation. Staff must act calmly and discreetly.

After the incident, the Setting Manager or most senior member of staff in their absence will take advice from the police or CEO before releasing any information to the parents.



A notifiable disease or illness, or an outbreak of food poisoning affecting two or more children looked after on our premises

These occurrences are to be recorded. Please also refer to our “Illness and Infections Policy”.